Coley Primary School – Knowledge Organiser

SUBJECT FOCUS:	FL - French	YEAR 5	TERM 5

Key Knowledge
Directions

Français	English
tournez à gauche	Turn left
tournez à droite	Turn right
continuez tout droit	Go straight
traversez la route	Cross the road
en haut de la colline	On the top of the hill
la deuxième à gauche	The second on the left
la troisième à droite	The third on the right
aux feux de signalisation	At the traffic lights
au bout de la rue	At the end of the street
au coin	At the corner

Grammar

Imperative:

- The imperative is used to give instructions. As French has both a formal and informal 'you', there are different forms for these depending on whether you are addressing an adult, a friend or a child.
- Formal/ plural: use the 'vous' form of the verb but without a pronoun:
  tourner -> vous tournez à gauche -> Tournez à gauche.
  Informal: use the 'tu' form of the verb but without a pronoun and, if it is an –er verb, drop the final –s:
  tourner -> tu tournes à gauche -> Tourne à gauche



Key Knowledge
My journey

Français	English
Mon trajet	My journey
partir	To leave
voyager	To travel
Je pars à 8:15	I leave at 8:15
Je vais en bus	I go by bus
Je monte de la colline	I go up the hll
Je traverse la route	I cross the road
Mon école est au bout de la rue	My school is at the end of the street
Ça prend 15 minutes	It takes 15 minutes
J'arrive à 8:30	I arrive at 8:30







Key Knowledge
Buying bus and train tickets

Français	English
Acheter un billet de train ou un ticket de bus	Buying a train ticket or a bus ticket
un ticket	A ticket
aller-retour	A return ticket
un aller	One-way ticket
un bus	A bus
un train	A train
la billeterie	The ticket office
J'aimerais un aller pour	I would like a one-way ticket for
C'est combien pour un aller?	How much is it for a one-way ticket?
À quelle heure le bus arrive-t-il?	What time does the bus arrive?
À quelle heure le train part-il?	What time does the train leave?

Grammar

There are different ways of dealing with questions where the subject is a noun phrase (like 'le bus') rather than a pronoun, but the form that is used is as follows:

À quelle heure le bus part-il?
What time the bus leaves it?
(What time does the bus leave?)

After the question word/ phrase, we have the noun phrase, followed by the inverted verb and appropriate pronoun.
If the pronoun begins with a vowel and the verb ends with a vowel, we add a helping 't' to aid pronunciation:
À quelle heure le bus arrive-t-il?

Key Knowledge
Crossing the road

Français	English
Traverser la route	Crossing the road
traverser	To cross
regarder	To watch
un passage piéton	Pedestrian crossing
un bord	A board
la circulation	The traffic
la sécurité routière	Road safety
le feu de signalisation	Warning lights
Je regarde dans le deux sens	I look both ways
Je marche lentement	I walk slowly
Je traverse	I cross

Grammar

Adverbs:
Many adverbs in French have the suffix –ment, which roughly corresponds to the English –ly:

Slow -> slowly lent -> lentement



Know how to…

- Give directions
- Describe how you get to school
- Buy a bus or a train ticket
- Describe how to cross a road safely

Possible Activities

- Work in pairs and practice appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures.
- Invite a French speaking visitor to talk about how they travel in France.